

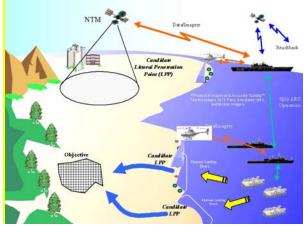
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Equipment Requirements Information Paper Capt Thomas M. Gainor 10 August 2001

Coastal Battlefield Reconnaissance and Analysis



Purpose. To provide background on the Coastal Battlefield Reconnaissance and Analysis (COBRA) Program.



Purpose

To provide information on COBRA for POM04.

Major Points

- COBRA is the only UAV sensor system specifically developed to conduct littoral reconnaissance and detect minefields, obstacles, and camouflaged defenses.
- The COBRA Operational Requirements
 Document, Approved by the MROC 10 April 2001, identifies initial system and pre-planned product improvement (P3I) requirements.
- The COBRA acquisition program awarded the System Design Contract on 10 August 2001.
- COBRA initial system development was 70% funded by POM 02.
- Initial Operating Capability for the initial system is scheduled for FY 07 due to limited funding in FYs 02,03.

Discussion

- The COBRA System will use a multi-spectral camera UAV sensor payload for collection and a Ground Control Station for training, planning and processing of information received.
- The automated minefield detection capability was proven by an Advanced Technology Demonstration system 1995-1998.
- USMC UAV squadrons will employ COBRA and the system will be compatible with all Naval VTUAVs.

- The Request for Alternative Analysis was approved 3Q FY00.
- COBRA will enhance tactical GIS information (Trafficability Assessments, Bathymetry, Targeting, CSAR, and Urban Situational Awareness) for the MAGTF.
- The COBRA Initial system will fly at altitudes from 2000-6000 feet for minefield detection missions. Key Performance Parameters are:
 - Detection 80% of minefields with 8" surface laid mines
 - False Alarm Rate <= 30%
- The COBRA P3I system will fly at altitudes from 1000-8000 feet. P3I parameters that mirror the above KPPs are:
 - Detection
 - 90% of minefields with 6" surface laid mines
 - 75% of minefields with 10" buried mines with 5" overburden
 - Demonstrated capability of mines in the surf zone (<=10' depth) in Sea State I.
 - False Alarm Rate <= 15%
- The Office of Naval Research is supporting the P3I system development via the Organic MCM Spike of the Future Naval Capabilities Process.
- OPNAV has programmed funds to integrate the VSW through SZ mine detection P3I capability
- The COBRA GCS will disseminate processed data to customers via the Tactical Data Network (TDN).
- The COBRA operating altitude puts the VTUAV within small arms, surface to air, and anti-air artillery range for the minefield detection mission, ancillary mission profiles will be planned around platform survivability.
- No other system currently in development is small enough to fly on a Tactical UAV.
- COBRA is designed to operate with the VMU manpower planned for VTUAV.
- MCM is currently #5 on the JROC UAV payload priority list.
- Without COBRA, the MAGTF would have to rely on national assets to provide a limited capability.